

Creating Intelligent Cyberinfrastructure for Democratizing AI: Overview of the Activities at the NSF-AI Institute ICICLE



by

http://icicle.ai

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Computing has been evolving over the last three decades with multiple **phases**:

- Phase 1 (1975-): Scientific Computing/HPC
- Phase 2 (2000-): HPC + Big Data Analytics
- Phase 3: (2010-): HPC + AI (Machine Learning/Deep Learning)

Overview of the MVAPICH Project

- High Performance open-source MPI Library
- Support for multiple interconnects
 - InfiniBand, Omni-Path, Ethernet/iWARP, RDMA over Converged Ethernet (RoCE), AWS
 EFA, OPX, Broadcom RoCE, Intel Ethernet, Rockport Networks, Slingshot 10/11
- Support for multiple platforms
 - x86, OpenPOWER, ARM, Xeon-Phi, GPGPUs (NVIDIA and AMD)
- Started in 2001, first open-source version demonstrated at SC '02
- Supports the latest MPI-3.1 standard
- <u>http://mvapich.cse.ohio-state.edu</u>
- Additional optimized versions for different systems/environments:
 - MVAPICH2-X (Advanced MPI + PGAS), since 2011
 - MVAPICH2-GDR with support for NVIDIA (since 2014) and AMD (since 2020) GPUs
 - MVAPICH2-MIC with support for Intel Xeon-Phi, since 2014
 - MVAPICH2-Virt with virtualization support, since 2015
 - MVAPICH2-EA with support for Energy-Awareness, since 2015
 - MVAPICH2-Azure for Azure HPC IB instances, since 2019
 - MVAPICH2-X-AWS for AWS HPC+EFA instances, since 2019
- Tools:
 - OSU MPI Micro-Benchmarks (OMB), since 2003
 - OSU InfiniBand Network Analysis and Monitoring (INAM), since 2015

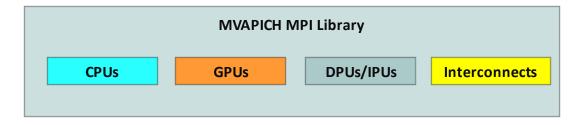


- Used by more than 3,375 organizations in 91 countries
- More than 1.77 Million downloads from the OSU site directly
- Empowering many TOP500 clusters (Nov '23 ranking)
 - 11th, 10,649,600-core (Sunway TaihuLight) at NSC, Wuxi, China
 - 29th, 448, 448 cores (Frontera) at TACC
 - 46th, 288,288 cores (Lassen) at LLNL
 - 61st, 570,020 cores (Nurion) in South Korea and many others
- Available with software stacks of many vendors and Linux Distros (RedHat, SuSE, OpenHPC, and Spack)
- Partner in the 29th ranked TACC Frontera system
- Empowering Top500 systems for more than 20 years



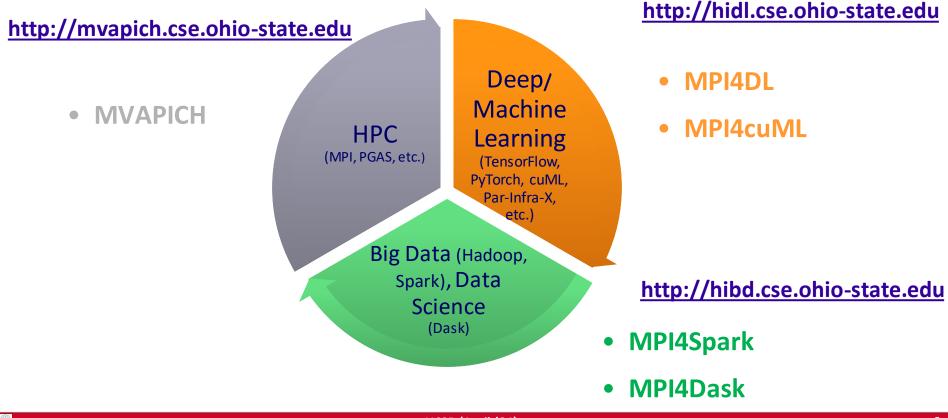
MPI (MVAPICH)-driven Converged Software Stack for HPC, AI, Big Data, and Data Science



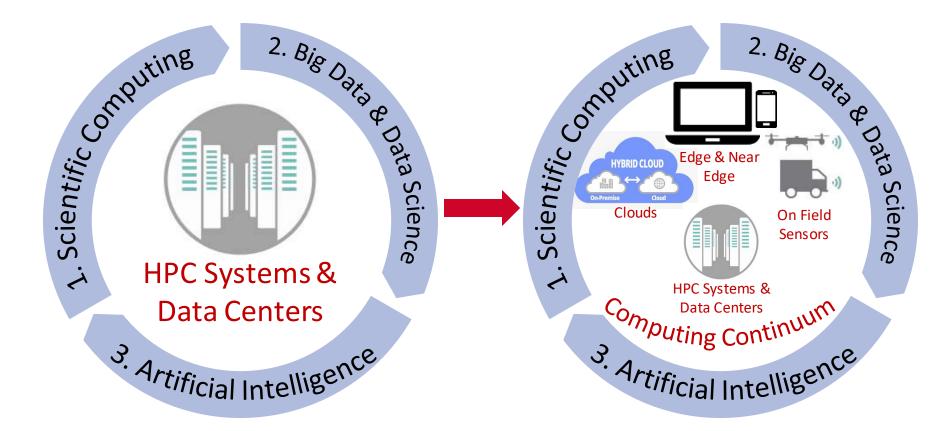




MVAPICH-Driven Converged Software Stack for AI, Big Data and Data Science



Emergence of the Computing Continuum



Data Movement and Control in Computing Continuum

Emerging Computing Continuum



On Field Sensors





Clouds



Data Movement and Control





How to Create Intelligent Cyberinfrastructure for Computing Continuum in the Modern AI Era & Democratizing AI?



Credits to all ICICLE Team Members!!



ICICLE Members Attending All-Hands-Meeting In-Person (Nov '23)

Outline

• ICICLE Vision and Goals

- Research Challenges Addressed
- Highlights of Selected Accomplishments
- How to Get Engaged?
- Conclusions

AI-Driven Digital Agriculture

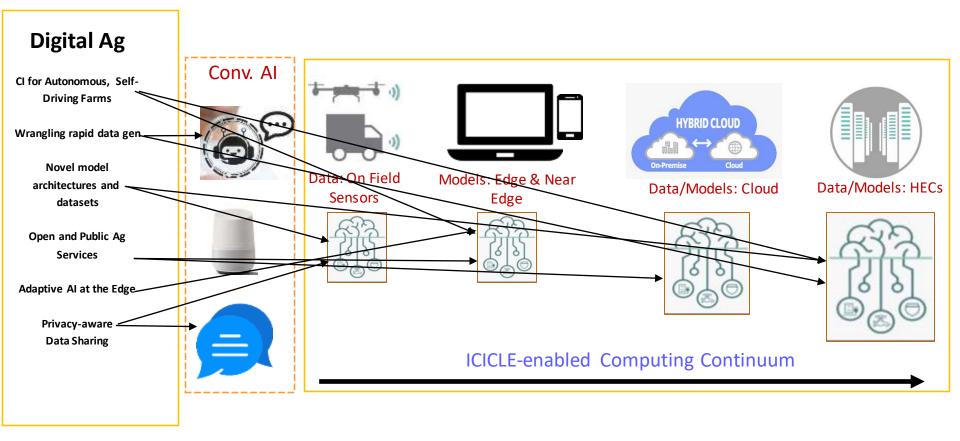


https://ccag.tamu.edu/research-project/digital-agriculture/

https://medium.datadriveninvestor.com/artificial-intelligence-in-agriculture-62f71f8f6ae6

UCSB (April '24)

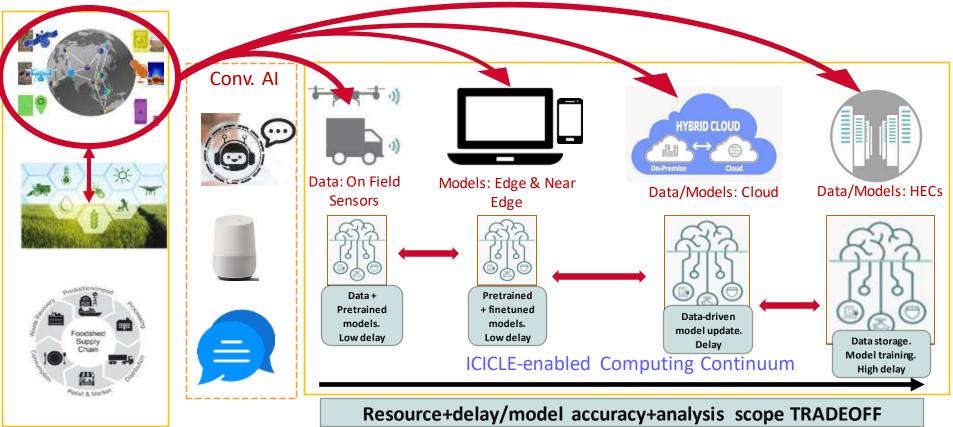
Challenges in Designing AI-Driven CI for Digital Agriculture in Computing Continuum



Societal Challenge (Example #2): Animal Ecology

- **Basic science:** The focus of Animal Ecology is understanding the functioning and behavior of animals individually and in groups *in the context of environment* and evolution.
- Science + translational:
 - Monitoring, understanding, and protecting biodiversity of the planet
 - Monitoring and understanding the impact of changing habitats on animals that live in them
- **Translational:** biodiversity conservation and mitigating the impact of climate change

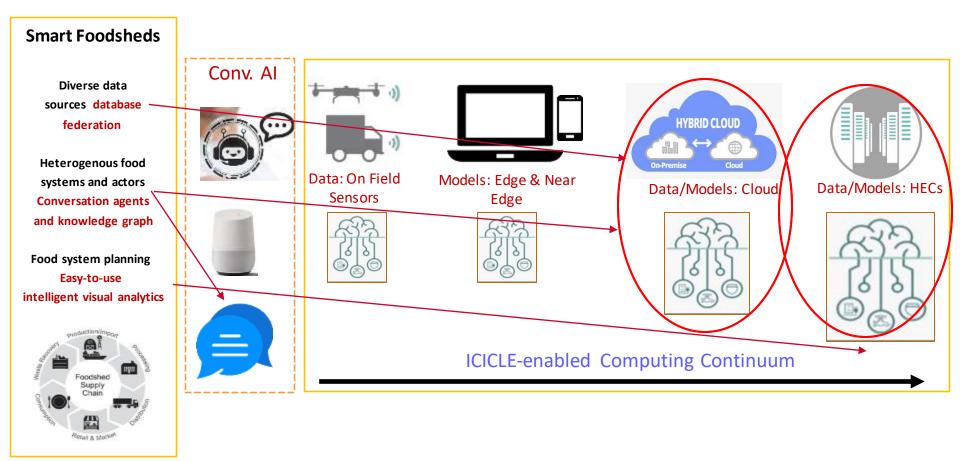
Challenges in Designing AI-Driven CI for Animal Ecology in Computing Continuum



Societal Challenge (Example #3): Smart Foodsheds

- Food Supply Chain Vulnerabilities
 - Concentration contributes to bottlenecks, lack of resilience to disruptions
- High Food Insecurity
 - Supply chain decisions fail to account for impacts on food access, cost, availability
- Food Waste
 - Inefficiencies in food supply chains and food systems lead to 30-40% waste
- Negative Environmental Footprint
 - Farming and food system has major impacts on environment
- Holistic Food Systems Planning is Difficult
 - Data is difficult to access, not coordinated across sectors or food supply chain actors

Challenges in Designing AI-Driven CI for Smart Foodsheds in Computing Continuum



Many more examples

- Smart Cities
- Smart Manufacturing
- Smart Transportation
- Real-time Surveillance
- Computational Medicine (Pathology, Radiology, ..)



Broad Challenge

Designing the next-generation intelligent cyberinfrastructure for a computing continuum with heterogenous resources that is usable in a plug-and-play manner by stakeholders to solve societal challenges?



https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gNFk5tDTtoU



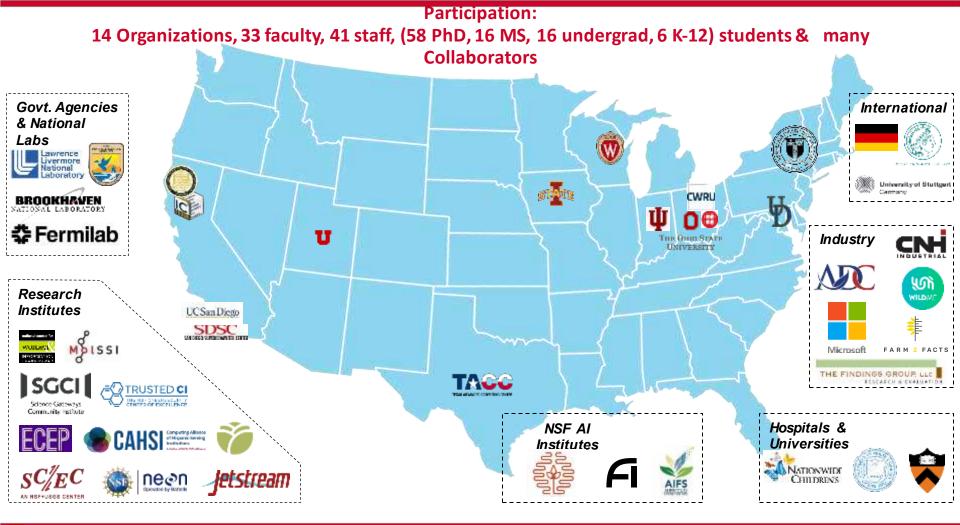


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Objectives: Intelligent CyberInfrastructure for Computing Continuum

Use Inspired Science Domains

Digital Agricultur		art sheds	Animal Ecology
ICICLE: Intelligent CyberInfrastructure with Computational Learning in the Environment Systems AI Foundational Research for CI Intelligent Cyber Infrastructure			
	CI for AI	Al for "Cl for Al"	
On Field Sensors	Edge & Near Edge	HYBRID CLOUD On-Premise Clouds Omputing Continuum	HPC Systems & Data Centers
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Collaboration: ICICLE and the Technology Innovation Hub (TIH) at the Indian Institute of Technology Bombay (IIT-B), India

Digital Agriculture



This research collaboration will contribute novel design paradigms for context-adaptive CI and aims to develop next-generation CI for *Digital Agriculture* including AI and machine learning methods targeting 3 core areas.

Crop Health Modeling



- Sense crop health and level context to predict crop yield
- Detect stressors and diseases for geographically diverse crops
- Apply remedies with little human intervention via Internet of Things (IoT) and sensor systems

Create secure, trustworthy, and privacy-preserving platforms that connect farmers and allow

Privacy-Preserving Data Exchange

Aerial Crop Scouting

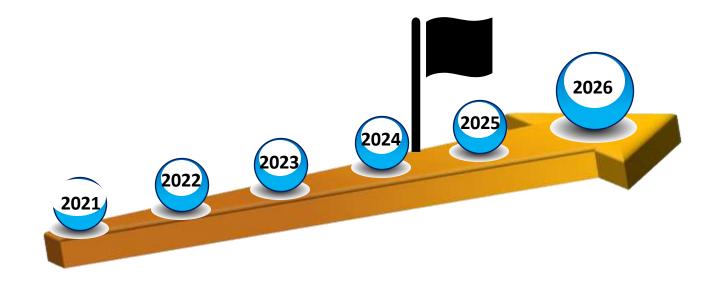
- CI for fully autonomous aerial systems
- Simplify deployment of UAV in real fields to capture common crop health conditions
- Provide accurate maps that yield valuable insights for crop management

Building upon the existing ICICLE infrastructure, CI and AI capabilities, researchers will leverage contextual conditions in India for *Digital Agriculture* that differ from the United States to (1) expose brittle CI components, (2) make AI4CI more robust and expansive in the long-term, (3) devise principles that yield context-aware CI

them to share information and resources safely.

Timeline

- Started on Nov 1, 2021
- Finished 29 months of the project

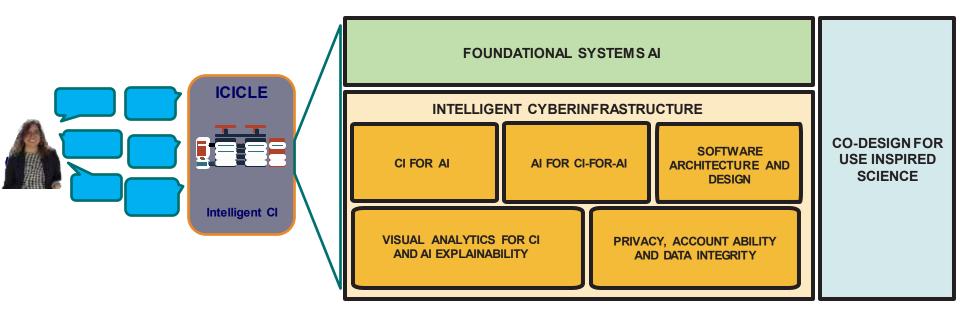


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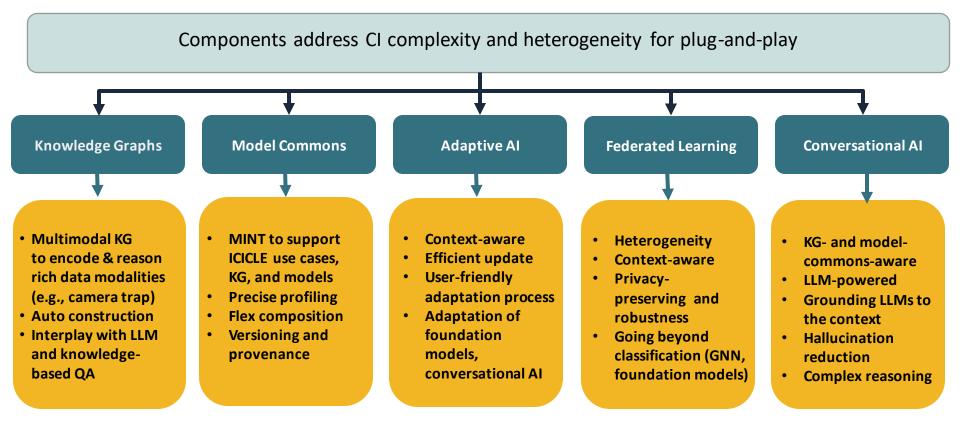


Research Plan: Overall Vision

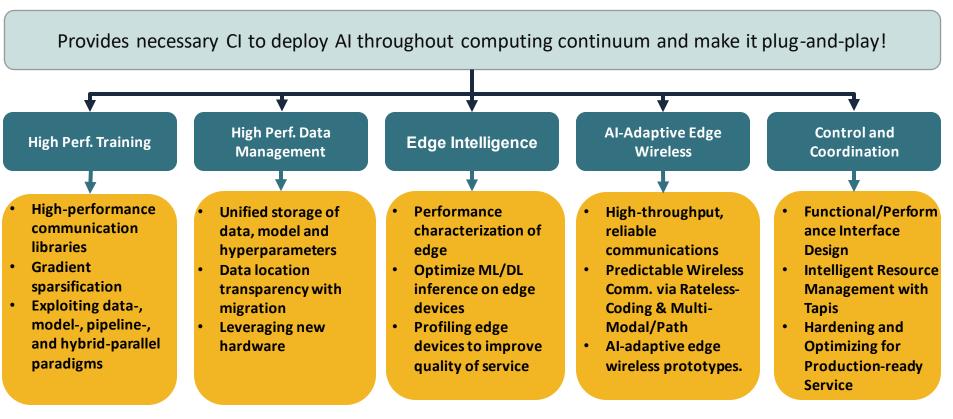




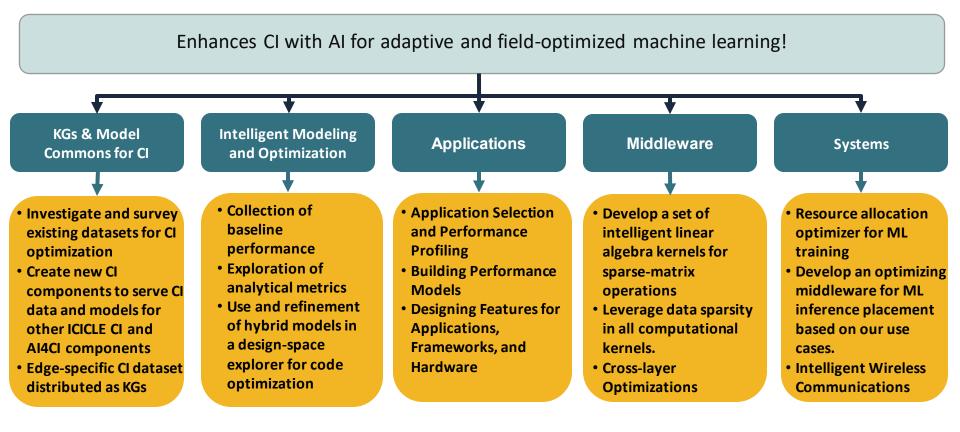
Thrust: Foundational Systems AI



Thrust: CI4AI



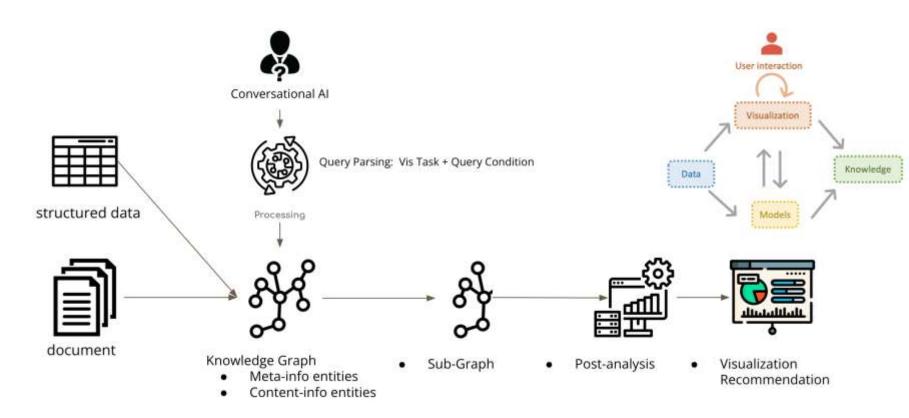
Thrust: Al4Cl



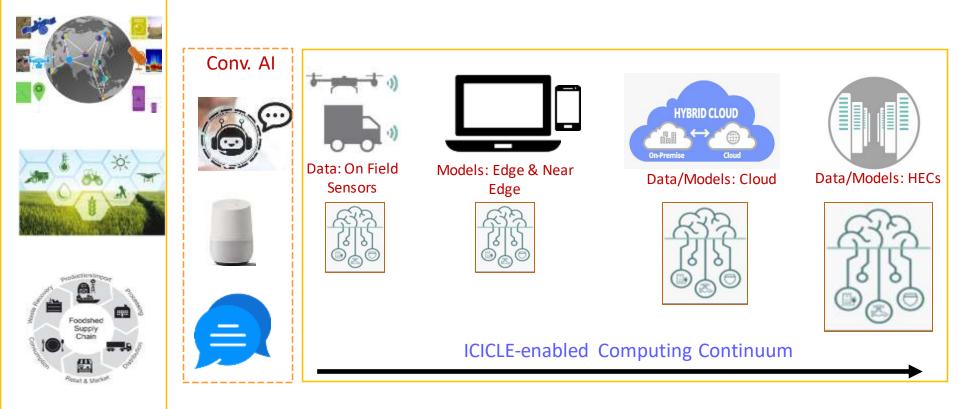
Thrust: Privacy, Accountability and Data Integrity (PADI)

- PADI contributes to
 - ICICLE vision as *transparent and trustworthy* infrastructure for AI-enabled future
 - An ethically aligned infrastructure and workforce through an *AI ethics framework*
- PADI advances both technical and non-technical innovations and best practices that collectively contribute to a trusted environment
 - e.g., where stakeholders (farmers, industry partners, etc.) are comfortable contributing data and AI models for ICICLE AI research (and more broadly for AI research).
- PADI addresses both research questions and issues of practice (project norms and practice)

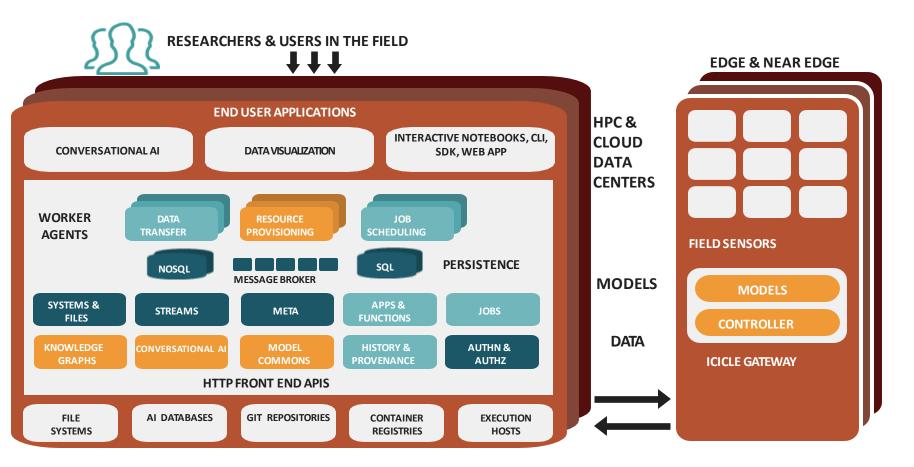
Thrust: Visual Analytics



Co-Designing with use-inspired domains



The Deliverable: The ICICLE Software Stack



Broader Impacts Backbone Network (BIBN)

BIBN is a consortium with the goal of democratizing AI!

Oversees activities towards broader impacts and engagement:

- Diversity Equity and Inclusion (DEI)
- Broaden Participation in Computing (BPC)
- Workforce Development (WFD)
- Collaboration and Knowledge Transfer (CKT)



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CI/Software Components Released (so far)

2023.04 Release (04/30/23)

- AI4CI
 - HPC Application Runtime Predictor (HARP) v1.0
 - Intelligent Sparse Library (iSpLib) v1.0
- Software and Reference Architecture
 - Base ICICLE Tapis Software v1.3.0
 - Event Engine v0.2.0
 - Hello ICICLE Authentication Clients v0.0.1
 - Tapis Pods Service v1.3.0
 - Cl Components Catalog v0.1.0
- Animal Ecology
 - Camera-Traps Edge Simulator v0.3.0
- Digital Agriculture
 - SoftwarePilot v1.2.5
- Smart Foodsheds
 - Persons-Projects-Organizations-Datasets (PPOD) Schema v0.9.1
 - Smart Foodsheds Visual Analytics (VA) Dashboard v0.1

https://icicle.osu.edu/cyberinfrastructure/software

2023.06 Release (06/30/23)

- Al Foundations
 - ICICLE Foodshed Parser v0.1
 - Species Classification using Multimodal Heterogeneous Context v0.1.0
 - Region2vec v1.0
- Software and Reference Architecture
 - Tapis Federated Authentication Service v1.3.4
 - ICICONSOLE v0.0.10
 - TapisCL-ICICLE v0.1.4
 - Tapis Pods Service v1.3.2
- Animal Ecology
 - Camera-Traps Edge Simulator v0.3.1
- Digital Agriculture
 - ICICLE Digital Agriculture Hub v1.0
 - Far-Edge Edge Simulator v1.0
 - In-Field Helper for Crop Scouts v1.0
- Smart Foodsheds
 - Persons-Projects-Organizations-Datasets_California (PPOD_CA) Knowledge Graph v23.06
 - Kroger Store Closure v0.1
 - Smart Foodsheds Visual Analytics (VA) Dashboard v0.2

CI/Software Components Released (so far)

2023.10 Release (10/06/23)

- AI for CI-for-AI
 - High Performance Computing Applications Dataset v1.0
 - HPC Application Runtime Predictor (HARP) v2.0
- Software and Reference Architecture
 - iciflaskn v1.0
 - TapisCL-ICICLE v1.0.11
 - ICICONSOLE v0.8.0
- Animal Ecology
 - Camera-Traps Edge Simulator v0.3.2
- Smart Foodsheds
 - Smart Foodsheds Visual Analytics (VA) Dashboard v0.3

https://icicle.osu.edu/cyberinfrastructure/software

2024.01 Release (01/26/24)

- AI Foundations
 - Iluvatar Functions as a Service (FaaS) Control
 Plane v1.0.0
- Software Architecture and Design
 - Tapis Federated Authentication Service v1.5.0
 - Tapis Pods Service v1.5.3

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Digital Agriculture



What does CI for digital agriculture look like?



How to build CI that connects a wide range of digital agriculture stakeholders?



Why use-inspired CI will be transformative?

ICICLE Use-Inspired Science: Digital Agriculture







Zichen Zhang







Kevyn Angueira Irrizary

Scott Shearer **Christopher Stewart** Food, Agriculture and Computer Science & Eng **Biological Eng.**

Co-Leads

Digital Agriculture Hub and Use-Inspired Technologies





Jinghua Yan P. Sadayappan University of Utah University of Utah

Hari Subramoni Nawras Alnaasan



Beth Plale Erman Ayday Case Western Indiana University





Alfonso Morales University of Wisconsin

Artificial Intelligence for Cyberinfrastructure

Cyberinfrastructure for AI-Driven Digital Agriculture

Privacy-aware, Explainable AI, & Democratization

Stakeholder Engagement

Multiple Challenges

- Application Domain
- Data Labeling
- Distributed Training with Semi-Supervised Learning
- Quantization on Edge Devices
- Aerial Crop Scouting
- End-to-end Cl

The Application Domain Challenge (Digital Agriculture)

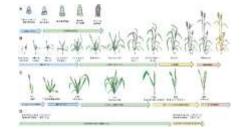
Computer Vision (CV) based classification scenarios are ubiquitous in use-inspired science domains such as Digital Agriculture



Residue Cover on Soil Surface



Soil Aggregate Size



Wheat Development



Non-Uniform Emergence



Nitrogen Deficiency



European corn borer



Corn leaf aphid



Mexican bean beetle defoliation

The Data Labeling Challenge



- Data samples need to be fully labeled by an expert for training and evaluation.
- Datasets may be collected frequently and in large volumes (millions of <u>unlabeled</u> images).
- Labeling data by experts is a significant bottleneck.
- Supervised learning can be time-consuming, costly, and infeasible for certain applications

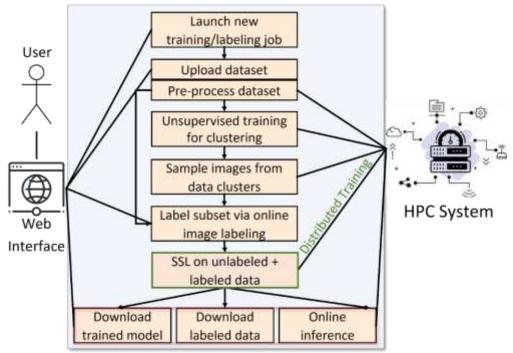
Semi-Supervised Learning (SSL) for Digital Agriculture



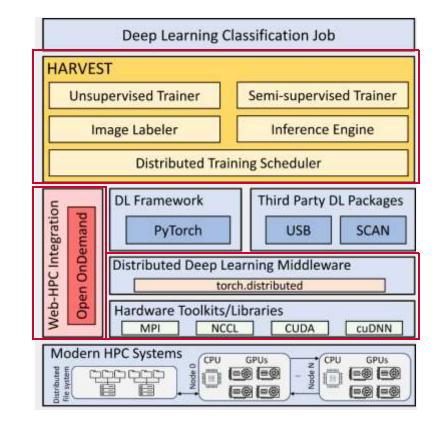
- Only requires a subset of the training dataset to be labeled (less than 1% or few hundreds).
- Achieves high accuracies by training on the rest of the unlabeled data.

HARVEST (<u>H</u>igh-Performance <u>AR</u>tificial <u>V</u>ision Framework for <u>Expert Labeling using <u>Semi-Supervised T</u>raining)</u>

- Design a workflow for domain experts with no prior DL or HPC experience.
- Employ state-of-the-art SSL solutions for computer vision applications.
- Train accurate DL models using only a small fraction of labeled data.
- Accelerate training using distributed training on HPC systems.
- Enable an intuitive and user-friendly interface linked to HPC systems.
- Support any user-defined use case.
- We plan to release HARVEST a service that can be deployed on Cloud/HPC systems.



HARVEST Architecture Overview

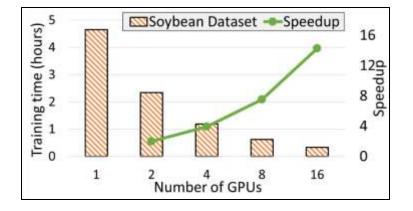


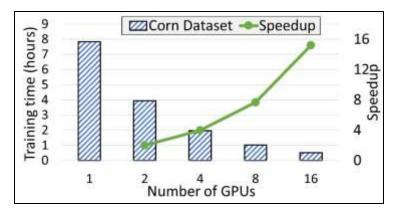


HARVEST: Evaluation on Digital Agriculture Use Cases

- Use case: Plant stress identification for protecting crops through the growing season.
- Datasets: 1) Corn crops (9558 samples, 12 classes)*
 2) Soybean crops (5636 samples, 6 Classes)*
- <u>Achieved 97% and 93% accuracies</u> for the Corn and Soybean datasets using <u>only 80 labeled</u> <u>samples per class</u>.
- Accelerated the training by 15.19x on 16 NVIDIA A100 GPUs <u>reducing the training time</u> <u>from 7.8 hours to 31 minutes</u>.

Dataset	Accuracy	Precision	Recall	F1 Score
Corn Dataset	97.08%	91.77%	95.43%	92.61%
Soybean Dataset	93.07%	88.64%	92.40%	89.61%





N. Alnaasan, M. Lieber, A. Shafi, H. Subramoni, S. Shearer, and DK Panda, "HARVEST: High-Performance Artificial Vision Framework for Expert Labeling using Semi-Supervised Training", 2023 IEEE International Conference on Big Data, December 2023

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Demo: Semi-Supervised Learning

https://youtu.be/EYzAZWGvyJI





Multiple Challenges

- Application Domain
- Data Labeling
- Distributed Training with Semi-Supervised Learning
- Quantization on Edge Devices
- Aerial Crop Scouting
- End-to-end Cl

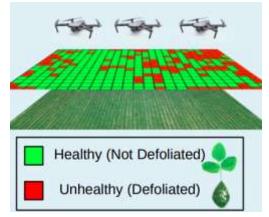
Quantization on Edge Devices

- Edge devices have limited computing power
- Explore the use of various quantization techniques based on INT8/FP16 and static/dynamic strategies – on a range of DL inference frameworks, including OpenVINO, PyTorch, TFLite, and ONNX.
- The performance evaluation is done on Intel CPUs (Cascade Lake and Skylake) and a Raspberry Pi 4B equipped with an ARM processor.
- The characterization study uses a range of popular DL models including MobileNetV2, VGG-19, and DenseNet-121. We found that OpenVINO and TFLite are the most optimized frameworks for Intel CPUs and Raspberry Pi 4B device, respectively.
- The performance characterization reveals that the size of original models is reduced by a quarter for INT8-based models without losing accuracy except the slight accuracy reduction of static quantization.

H. Ahn, T. Chen, N. Alnaasan, A. Shafi, M. Abduljabbar, H. Subramoni, and DK Panda, Performance Characterization of using Quantization for DNN Inference on Edge Devices, 7th IEEE International Conference on Fog and Edge Computing, May 2023

Digital Agriculture: Aerial Crop Scouting

- Aerial Crop Scouting: In this workload, we seek to create *heat maps* that describe crop health for a field
 - *Inform* self-driving tractors and sprayers to reduce the application of pesticide and fertilizer
 - Predict crop yields for harvest and market timing
 - *Identify* trends across farms, such as the introduction of resistant weeds
- **Technology:** Unmanned aerial vehicles (UAV) capture high resolution images
 - Flying low (15 ft above ground): 1 pixel -> mm
- **Transformative:** At mm-granularity, stakeholders can detect biological phenomena invisible to satellites
 - Soybean leaf defoliation caused by Japanese beetle
- Software Pilot (<u>https://pypi.org/project/SoftwarePilot/</u>)
- OpenPass (<u>http://149.165.155.188:2298/</u>)







Courtesy of LaRue Farms Inc.

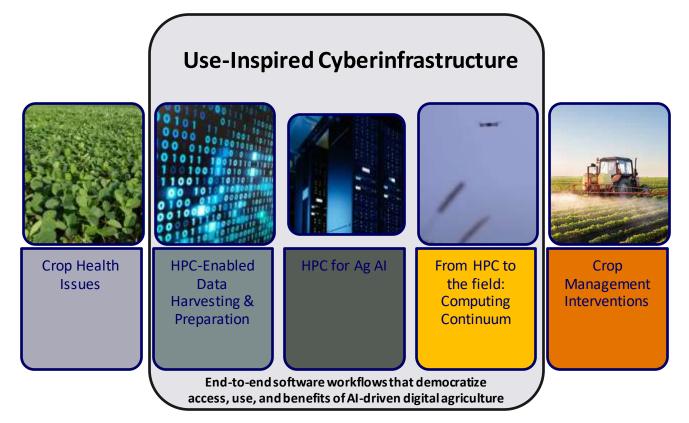
Demo: Cloud-to-Edge Middleware

https://youtu.be/M6o0NVQXny0





Goal: Towards Designing End-to-end Digital Agriculture CI Solutions and make these available as Services for various Stakeholders



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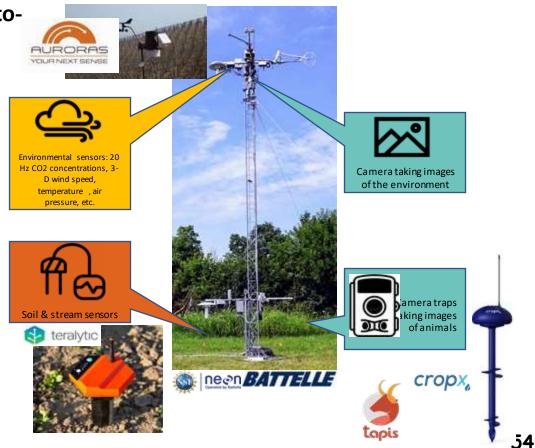
Edge-to-Center ML for Camera Traps

Optimized ML Architecture and Edge-to-Center Infrastructure for:

- Species detection in images taken in wildlife habitats
- Little to no network bandwidth
- Power conservation
- CPU and Memory constraints

Techniques:

- Computer Vision
- Adaptive Al
- OOD Detection
- Continuous Learning
- Neural Architecture Search
- MLOps for the Computing Continuum



Edge-to-Center ML for Camera Traps

Camera Traps Y3 Objectives:

- Automatically deploy Camera Traps software across dynamically provisioned edge hardware
- Study performance of different model architectures
- Understand tradeoffs between computation at the edge and the center
- Adapt AI models to new environments: novel species detection, environmental shifts, etc.
- Compare hardware platforms and plan capacity requirements for field deployments

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Smart Foodsheds

The Challenges

- Food system lacks resilience (highlighted by the pandemic)
- Food system actors are diverse, work in silos
- Access to data is difficult as is reconciling across data sources
- Need a common framework to organize, share, visualize, and deploy datasets and workflows

The Strategies

- Develop relationships between ICICLE and private partners to empower stakeholders to access, interpret, and utilize food systems processes, trends, and outcomes
- Use knowledge graphs to link domain knowledge of the environment, agriculture, food, diet, and health
- Develop PPOD, a schema that describes the attributes and relationships between Persons, Projects, Organizations and Datasets and instantiate it with real data from California and Ohio as a first use case.

Interactive Knowledge Learning & Environment (IKLE) for Smart Foodshed







Xiaoqi Wang

The Ohio State University

Rui Qiu



Han-Wei Shen





Patrick R Huber

Allan D Hollander

University of California Davis

Matthew LangeMichelle MillerJinmeng RaoSong GaoAlfonso MoralesInternational Center for Food Ontology
Operability Data and Semantics (IC-FOUR)University of Wisconsin-Madison

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Christian R Garcia

The University of Texas at Austin Texas Advanced Computing Center

Joe Stubbs



Demo : Smart Foodsheds + Visual Analytics (IKLE)

https://youtu.be/Q5_i9PbefHw





VizStudio

- Motivation: Enhance decision-making with tailored data-driven solutions. Our approach specifically addresses domain-specific challenges, providing users with actionable insights for real-world applications.
- Goals:
 - Transforming high-level questions into specific data analysis tasks using a whatwhy-how framework.
 - Merging the power of language models with a knowledge graph that anchors domain-specific insights.
 - Demonstrating each phase of the process through comprehensive visualization, actively incorporating user feedback to refine.



Conversational Interface

- Interface Design:
 - Developed an interface that accepts queries in the form of questions.
- Architecture Development:
 - **Front-end**: Implemented with Vue 3 and VueFlow for dynamic user experiences.
 - **Back-end**: Utilizes Django with Uvicorn to enable asynchronous communication between the front-end and back-end.
- Functionality:
 - Question Pre-Processing: Utilized Large Language Models to analyze and process user queries.
 - **Information Retrieval**: Integrated with the PPOD-KG to fetch relevant information based on user queries.
 - Interactive Visualizations: Enhanced user engagement through graph visualizations, allowing for interactive exploration of follow-up queries.



TODO

Demo



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GROCERY STORE CLOSURE & COMMUNITY HEALTH

Pain points

 In public health and food systems, computer models are not used or have limited impact because decision-makers are not able to access them in a practical and timely manner.



SCENARIO

company announces plans to close a grocery store in a Columbus, Ohio neighborhood with very high % of foodinsecure households.

A food retail

Now the health commissioner wants to know how the grocery store closure will affect community health so they can lobby the food retail company to not close the grocery store or set up emergency food supply to reduce the impact on community health.



Our Solution (and use case in ICICLE)

A conversational AI-enabled web interface that allows decision-makers to run "What if?" scenarios based on an agent-based model for food insecurity.

Use Case

Objective: Help food system leaders quickly evaluate the impact of a food store closure on household food insecurity

Significance: Improving access to communityinformed computational models empowers communities to use models to make better decision involving complex systems, such as the local foodshed.

Grocery Store Closure Team



Harsh Panday Amad Hussain

Goetz

Erika

Guzman

Ayaz

Hyder

Huan Sun

Eric Fosler-Lussier

The Ohio State University

Carlos

College of Public Health / Dept. of Computer Science & Engineering

Demo: GROCERY STORE CLOSURE & COMMUNITY HEALTH

https://youtu.be/GYjMeaE74sk



Outline

- ICICLE Vision and Goals
- Research Challenges being Addressed

• Selected Accomplishment Highlights

- CI/Software Released
- Digital Agriculture
- Animal Ecology
- Smart Foodsheds
- Intelligent Scaling and Scheduling
- How to Get Engaged?
- Conclusions

Project outline and goals

- Reference implementation and demonstration of end-to-end optimizations across the edge to HPC continuum.
- Integrating and interoperating set of knowledge/intelligence enhanced CI components.
- The end-to-end computational capability optimizes for, e.g. performance, model accuracy, or energy usage applied to the operation of AI assets.
 - Example flow for a model update

Monitor model performance at the edge (animal ecology use-case) -> trigger model replacement and re-scheduling (FaaS) -> retrain model (smart scheduling).

- Other flows: React to dynamic latency/energy/cost/resource-availability

AI4CI: HARP – HPC Application Runtime Predictor



Swathi Vallabhajosyula



The Ohio State University Dept. of Computer Science & Engineering Carlos Guzman



The University of Texas at Austin Texas Advanced Computing Center

n-task per-no	705E	Walltime (mins)	Cost Per job (\$)	
-	10	8.5954	0.01719	
Cost ↓ ~30%	14	8.5768	0.01886	
Cost 4 ~30%	20	8.5852	0.02189	
	28	8.5931	0.02492	

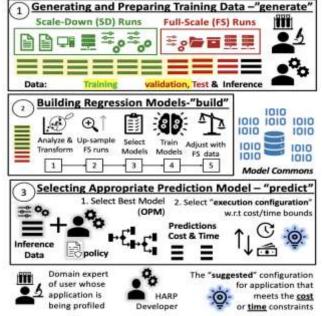
HARP – HPC Application Resource Predictor = Runtime

Goal

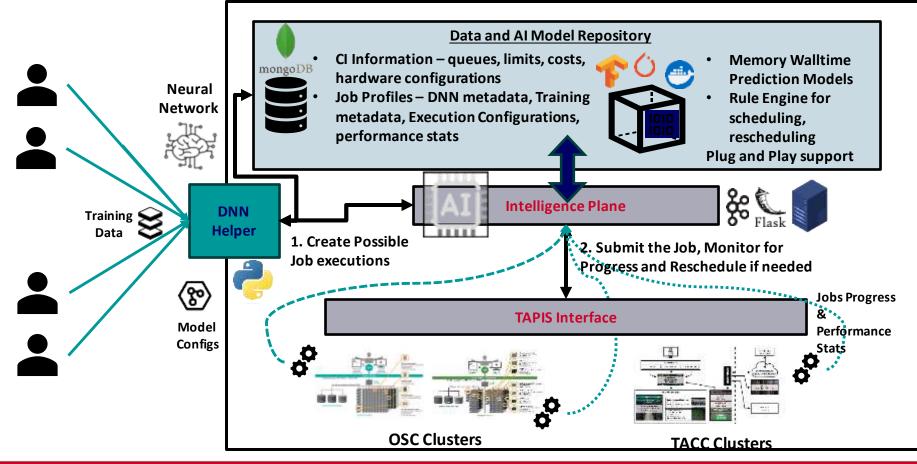
Estimating the resource requirements to execute an application on shared cyber infrastructures to aid recommendation systems or smart job allocations.

Accomplishments

- Understanding the allocation behavior of different users against different systems and ways for optimizing the allocations.
- Establishing an end-to-end application-independent framework called HARP (HPC Application Runtime Prediction) that can emulate the application executions, profile them, and estimate the resource requirements against targeted environments with cost/time constraints.
- S. Vallabhajosyula and R. Ramnath, "Insights from the HARP Framework: Using an AI-Driven Approach for Efficient Resource Allocation in HPC Scientific Workflows", PEARC 2023



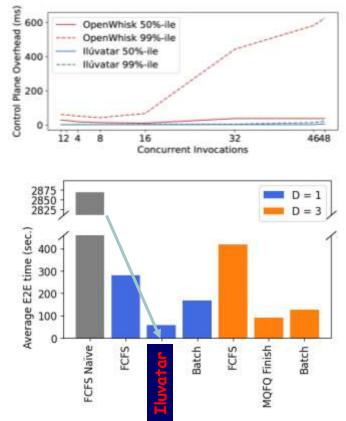
Smart Scheduler



UCSB (April '24)

High Performance Functions as a Service

- Iluvatar: A Control-plane for Functions as a Service [HPDC '23]
- Runs on edge, cloud, and HPC . 100x faster than
 OpenWhisk.
- FaaS is a common abstraction for many services
 - ML inference, data processing, ...
 - Iluvatar uses a new Rust-based implementation architecture: allows for flexible queuing policies
- Recent work: GPU support for functions
 - Fair queueing policies and GPU multiplexing mechanisms
 - Reduce latency by 80x compared to naïve GPU usage
 - Democratize AI by running ML models and analytics in functions everywhere (cloud, edge, ...)



Compiler and Code-Optimization (CO)

- A source-to-source compiler framework that collects both static (source-code) as well as run-time information from applications and uses this information to generate optimized code across the ICICLE stack.
- **Problem:** Determine what optimizations to apply and where depends on the program and the target platform. The different sets of optimizations will create a vast optimization space.

• Accomplishment:

- Identified a set of features that impact the performance of a target application.
- Developed a collection mechanism that gathers both static and dynamic information of programs.
- Developed a preliminary ML model capable of predicting the program transformation techniques.
- Developed a preliminary Search Space Navigation System capable of choosing the best set of transformations techniques.





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Engagement with Other Organizations

- MOU signed and Collaborative Projects going on with other AI Institutes
 - AIIRA
 - AlOpt
- On-going discussions with several other AI Institutes
 - AIFARMS
 - AgAID (Joint seminar series)
- On-going Collaboration with TIH-Mumbai along Digital Agriculture
- Interactions with industry (Digital Agriculture)
 - CNH Industrial
 - TCS, India

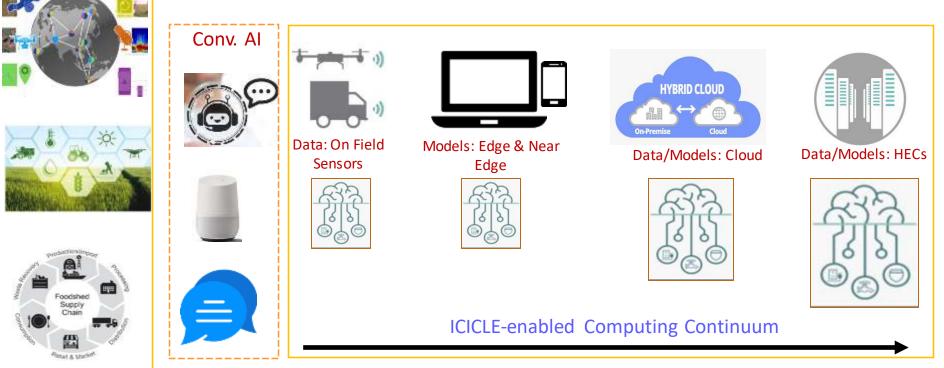
Multiple Levels of Collaboration and Engagement

- Using the Released Software/CI components
 - Available at <u>https://icicle.osu.edu/cyberinfrastructure/software</u>
 - Get engaged as a member in the Stakeholder Roundtable (more details below)
- Become a part of ICICLE (multiple options)
 - Student Associate
 - Visiting Research Fellow
 - Academic Collaborator
 - Industry Partner
 - Stakeholder Roundtable Member
 - More details at: <u>https://icicle.osu.edu/engagement/join-us</u>
- Join the ICICLE mailing lists (<u>https://icicle.osu.edu/engagement/mailing-lists</u>)
 - icicle-announce
 - icicle-discuss

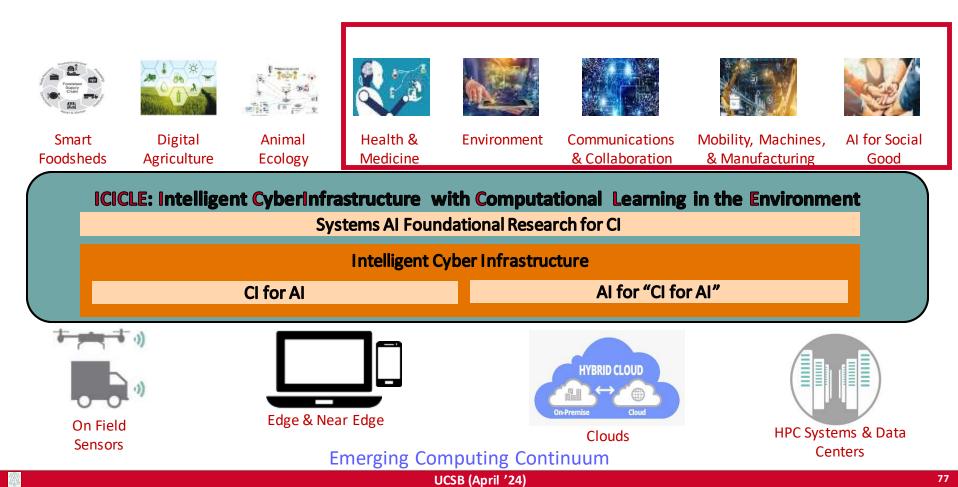
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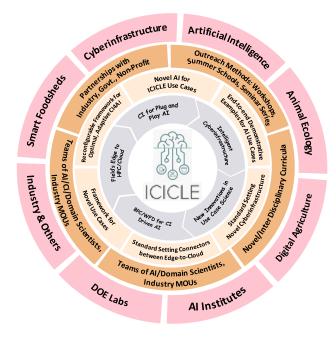
Designing Next-Generation CI through Co-Designing with Use-inspired Domains



Potential for the ICICLE Solutions to be applied to more Verticals



ICICLE Enabling Global Leadership in `Computing + AI'



Join Us!

- Integrate into the National CI Ecosystem
- Integrative and Interoperable
- Leverages existing recognized capabilities
 - Centers of Excellence, Al Institutes, Large Facilities
- Collaborative
 - Actively engaging CI experts, domain scientists,
 - AI/CI Users and developers
- Sustainable and Inclusive
 - Workforce Development, Broadening Participation, Collaboration and Knowledge Transfer
 - Benefits other institutes, large facilities, and all sciences beyond lifetime of award

Acknowledgments to all ICICLE Participants (Faculty, Students and Staffs) Past Ph.D. Students **Current Facultv** Past Staff Past Faculty - E. Ayday, CWRU - S. Blanas, OSU - R. Machiraju, OSU - Y. Su, OSU - A. Ahmad, Uni Stuttgart - C. Campbell, IU - C. Hoy, OSU – FB Saravi, CWRU V. Chaudhary, CWRU – Y. Cai, OSU - DK. Panda, OSU – H. Subramoni, OSU – E. Riloff, UU – MK. Rahman, IU - S. Sanders, IU - T. Tomich, UC Davis – A. Azad, IU W. Chao, OSU – R. Ramnath, OSU – H. Sun. OSU P. Sadayappan, UU - A. Ivanovic, OSU - J. Duarte, UC San Diego - T. Zhang, ISU - P. Sharma, IU – M. Norman, UC San Diego – H. Ahn, OSU - E. Fosler-Lussier, OSU S. Shearer, OSU C. Stewart, RPI - E. Ely-Ledesma, UW-Madison - P. Rose, UCSD - P. Chawla, OSU - H. Zhang, ISU - A. Hyder, OSU - H. Shen, OSU - B. Salimi, UCSD - S. Gao, UW-Madison - K. Pierce, TACC Current International - E. Goetz, OSU - T. Berger-Wolf, OSU - DB. Jackson-Smith, OSU - C. Stewart, OSU - R. Eigenmann, UD - A. Morales, UW-Madison Faculty TIH – IITB - Y. Gu, OSU Current Staff Current International M. Baghini, IITB - A. Jain, OSU M. Lange, IC-Foods - M. Abduljabbar, OSU - A. Shafi, OSU - P. Rodriguez, SDSC - A. Hollander, UCDavis Students TIH - IITB – Chalapathi G, IITB D. Suresh, OSU – T. Ruemping, IC-Foods – K. Armstrong, OSU S. Khuvis, OSC M. Tatineni, SDSC – P. Huber, UC Davis A. Borkar, TIH IITB - A. Sinha, IITB - S. Raje, UU - D. Siedband, IC-Foods - J. Chan, OSU S. Oottikkal, OSC - R. Cardone, TACC - C. Riggle, IC-Foods – RM. Chitre, TIH IITB – R. Velmurugan, IITB - H. Park, UW Madison - M. Biggers, IU - J. Chumley, OSU - K. Tomko, OSC – C. Garcia, TACC - P. Hoover, UCSD – R. Katole, TIH IITB - S. Paramane, TIH IITB - RJ. Ping, IU - C. Guzman, OSU – M. Thomas, UCSD - D. Choi, SDSC - S. Li, TACC – S. Khandelwal, TIH IITB - BA. Plale, IU Past Masters Students - W. Michel. OSU - M. Kandes, SDSC – J. Stubbs. TACC – M. Miller, UW Madison – T. Sharma, TIH IITB Current K-12 Students - J. Wernert, IU - SR. Kalli, OSU – N. Savardekar, OSU – A. Majumdar, SDSC – Z. Zhang, TACC – A. Thaduri, TIH IITB - R. Estanislao, SDSC - H. Panday, OSU Current Ph.D. Students - S. Zac, TIH IITB - D. Lee, SDSC – P. Kousha, OSU – C. Tu, OSU - RR. Loka, UW Madison - X. Wang, OSU - Z. Zhang, OSU – J. Yan, UU **Current Institute Evaluators** - M. Ray, SDSC D. Sykes, UW Madison - Z. Li, OSU (WFD) - Y. Tu, OSU – J. Yao, OSU – DD. Vecchia, RPI – K. Armendariz, UW-Madison - S. Samar, SDSC – V. Pahuja, OSU - T. McKlin, TFG - S. Vallabhajosyula, OSU - X. Yue, OSU - M. Rosas, UD – J. Rao, UW-Madison - R. Qiu, OSU Past K-12 Students - L. Waltz, OSU - T. Zhang, OSU - T. Jiang, UU - C. Wise, TFG - J. Kline, OSU Past UG Students – E. Romero, OSU – B. Wang, OSU – J. Karpinski, SDSC – K. Zhang, OSU – Y. Xu, UU - G. Ubbiali, IC-Foods - S. Ockerman, OSU A. Sarin. SDSC **Current Masters Students** Educational Fellows (2023) **Current Undergraduate Students**

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Thank You!